EIGHT DOLLARS A YEAR

### A KU-KLUX FIASCO IN YORK

PRESENTMENT OF THE COUNTY GRAND JURY.

The Result of Eight Days' Work-Congressman Wallace and Colonel Merrill Utterly Break Down-No Proof of Ku-Kluxism-Energetic Action of the Jury.

The grand jury of York County have thoroughly investigated the circumstances connected with the alleged Ku-Klux outrages and devoted eight days of their time to the subject. Upon the testimony elicited some few persons have been presented for indictment, in pursuance of which, on motion of Solicitor Brawley, the following order was

It is ordered that the clerk of the court do issue bench warrants for the arrest of all parties charged therein with the commission of crime and misdemeanors, and also for the arrest of rest of all witnesses named therein, and that rest of all witnesses and witnesses to appear at the next term of this court; that the sheriff of York County do proceed to execute snerin of fork County do proceed to execute said warrants, and if the parties therein named have fled from or reside beyond the limits of this county, that the bench warrants for them or any of them be forwarded to the sheriffs of any and every county in this State where such persons reside or may be found.

The presentment as published in the Yorkville Enquirer, so far as it relates to the Ku-Klux, is as follows:

In reference to the special charge of your Honor, relating to information furnished Hon. John Scott, chairman of Congressional investigating committee, relative to outrages said to have been recently committed in this courty by organized bands of men, we report that an investigation, occupying over a week's time of our present sersion. The charges of violence emanated, it is said, from Hon. A. S. Wallace and Colonel Lewis Merrill, command-and of this post. Your grand jury had these persons summoned before them, and found, upon examination, that neither of them were able to state any facts from individual

The Hon. A. S. Wallace stated that he had reported a school-house burned in Fairfield County, but gave no information as to a school-house having been burned in York County; and if such a crime has been committed anywhere in the county we have failed to obtain the slightest evidence of the fact, even by hearsay or otherwise, from a large number of witnesses examined, representing all sections of the county.

Colonel Merrill furnished your grand jury with the names of a large number of witnesses, whom, it was stated, could give us the requisite information as to the outrages and violence asserted in the communication of Senator Scott to the President to have been committed in this county. The witnesses named were summoned, and all whom the sheriff was able to serve attended and gave their evidence. From that evidence we have been able to gather the following facts:

1. A school-house in Bethel township was

ulled down about a year since, by parties unknown to any of the witnesses. pilled or thrown down twice since that time, by parties unknown to the witnesses. From the testimony taken, we arrive at the conclusion that the misdemeanor was the result of rivalry between factions of two rival teachers, who and solicited the occupancy of the building from the school traction.

ing from the school trustees.
2. In Bullock's Creek township, on the ninth of September, instant, three men passed by the house of one W. J. Wilson and fired off a pistol, and used bolsterous and profane language. They were not disguised; and Mr. Wilson recognized, by the sound of their voices, two out of the three persons—Mack Sandlin and Sherrod Childers. We herewith present the said Mack Sandlin and Sherrod Childers for riot, and suggest that proper proceedings be commenced against them by the solicitor of the circuit.

against them by the solicitor of the circuit.

3. Two colored persons—Wash Coulter and Abram Choat—state that a short time since several persons came to their house in disguise and chunked them. No other testimony could be furnished by them as to this affair, and they could not distinguish the persons of any of the party alleged to have assaulted them.

4. Some time in August last, one Neal Glenn (colored) was assaulted at his house by Gilles Crawford and George Leslie, (colored) who called him out of his residence and committed a battery upon him and cut him twice with a koife. A warrant of arrest was sued

with a knife. A warrant of arrest was sued out against the offenders, but they had fled into North Carolina before it could be executed. This affair was reported to us as a Ku-Klux outrage of aggravated violence.

These are the only acts of the violation of the peace of which we have been able to obtain arti evidence, as having occurred since the first of the last.

of fully last.

Several acts of violence, accompanied by crime, are reported as having occurred in the early part of the year. Among these there was a raid made upon the office of the county treasurer, one E. M. Rose, on the 26th of February last. One James B. Porter, who was present, represents that there were a number of persons in disguise engaged in the raid; that a whipping was administered to him, and that he recognized by their voices and manners Lawson Armstrong and Pinckney Caldwell, citizens of this county, as members of the party. We herewith present the same for the action of the law officer of the court. None others of the party have been recognized. Some damage to the building occurred; a quantity of liquor belonging to D. S. Russell & Co. was destroyed; but so far as we can ascertain, the funds of the office were not interfered with.

One Henry Latham (colored) represents that One Henry Latham (colored) represents that he was whipped at some period of the present year by a number of persons of whom he recognized three, viz: k. A. Black, James Sherrer and Dock Sherrer. He recognized Black, because he is left handed, and the man who whipped aim was a left-handed man. He knew Sherrer by the first finger of the right hand being off. We present the said persons for inclictment upon the testimony of the witness above named.

We call the attention of the solicitor to evi-

above named.
We call the attention of the solicitor to evidence herewith appended, relative to the murder of one Anderson Brown, in January last. We do not regard the evidence of Wesley Thomasson—the only important witness—as sufficiently definite to warrant us in presenting at present, for prosecution, the names of any parties.

parties.
Your grand jury have also inquired into the murder of one Jim Williams (colored,) occurring in March last. Such evidence as we have ring in March last. Such evidence as we have been able to discover in this case is herewith appended, for the information of the civil officers of the State. We do not regard it as sufficiently definite to authorize any special presentment from us.

We have also examined such witnesses a we could obtain, or whose names were reported, in reference to a homicide committed upon the body of Thomas Roundtree, (colored,) in the fall of 1870. Three witnesses summoned in this case are reported absent, and were not served with summons. Such evi-dence as we have been able to obtain is here-

with appended for any future use. We regard it as insufficient for the purposes of making a special presentment.

From evidence taken and appended, we preerrom evidence taken and appended, we present Isom Buchanan, (colored.) for arson, in the burning of the barn of one Hiram Thomasson, in this county, in January last, upon the evidence of Anthony Blaiock and Eveline Blalock. The evidence also implicates other parties in the crime, but we do not regard it as sufficient to warrant any special presentment from us.

from us.

Evidence in other cases of misdemeanor has been sought for, and some of a contradictory

been sought for, and some of a contradictory and uncertain character presented. Your grand jury have simply appended the evidence taken in all such cases reported, for the future use of the civil officers of the State.

Information was furnished the grand jury by Major Merrill to the effect that six persons had recently been whipped in the southeastern part of this county. After a careful examination of the facts, we ascertain that no such outrage occurred in this county. The

occurred in this county. The such outrage occurred in this county. The officer alluded to as making the report expresses himself as satisfied as to his mistake, and proffers to correct any erroneous report of the affair that may have emanated from

All of which is respectfully submitted. A. E. HUTCHISON, Foreman.

and it ought to have one, as the town is evidently flourishing.

BARMECIDES.

[From the Lon Ion Graphic.] There are few of us who have not had the experience of a Barmecide feast some time in our lives; who have not known what it was to e invited to an apparently substantial repast, o find when the covers were removed that the thing was a mere sham—that no strong meats smoked on the cold and empty board

no fruits gave sweetness and pleasantness and the perfection of finish to the nobler and more important food, no wine gladdened the hear and brightened the eye, but that it was al only a name, a pretence, a make-believe, a Barmecide teast, feeding and refreshing no How many marriages are Barmecide feasts think you? Promises of love and loveliness and tender sympathies that are never fulfilled; promises of sweetness and good temper that tade away into nothing, like a golden cloud at sunrise; promises of contented happiness and ecstatic joy that are as real as the sparkling wine, the luxurious fruits, of the Barmecide's table. She has fair hair and blue eyes, a trim waist and arched lastep, small hands, and half-moons to her filbert-snaped nalls. She smiles when you speak to her, and has a ready blush; and she looks shametaced and pretty

when she blushes. She is not opinionated, and she glances continually at mamma when she talks, and seldom looks you tull in the face. She is just eighteen, and you adore her. You see in her the outline of every nobleness, of every virtue, that a woman can possess. You grant that as yet, by reason of her youth, all these graces are only potential, not acan these graces are only potential, not active; but you believe, nevertheless, and belief for the time does as well as proof; and you marry your angel, never thinking that she will prove your Barmedde. Time grace and the prove your Barmecide. Time goes on. The bride becomes the wife, the girl the woman. The nature which was no more set or consolidated when you concluded that it held the germ of every virtue under heaven, than is a hazel nut in June, slowly develops itself in its own way. The virgin timidity which so en-chanted you, becomes matronly indecision, and a mental weakness of will bordering on imbecility; or it crystallizes into a narrow posi-tiveness, so that you might as welf try to melt the snows of Mont Blanc as bend or mellow it. The ready blush which once betokened such sweet sensibility hardens into callous opposi-tion, or deepens into passionate irritation; the girl you loved and the woman you have married, are as different as is the Olympian Hebe from an apple-woman in the street; the prom-ise by which you were taken prisoner was but a Barmecide feast, and you sit at the banquet of your marriage with empty dishes and long-ing eyes, pondering and regretting. You make a new friend. You have had good friends in your lifetime, but you have never

had one equal to this for fervor of affection, lavishness of demonstration, affluence of prom-ise. You have been a self-sustaining kind of person hitherto, but perhaps you have been hardly hit of late, wounded in the fight, wrung in the withers, and your new friend with his offers of help comes in opportunely. Re offers of help comes in opportunely. Rest on me, he says, with infinite generosity and an expansive manner; and you take him at his word. You do rest on him. Perhaps it is no great favor after all that you ask of him; be that as it may, you ask something. Your triend, who has offered all and promised everything, proves of the Barmecide class when put to the proof. He fails you utterly in the simplest as in the most important matter. He institud you to six to his table and nonrish your six of the same content was the same and the same content was the same and the same content was the same and the same and the same as the same and the same as the same and the same as the same and the sam vited you to sit at his table and nourish your-self on the strong meats he had in store; but when you lifted the covers you beheld nothingness, and you were fain to content yourself with empty dishes and unsatisfied desires. He

can do nothing for you. It may be will, or it may be power, that fails him; either he has miscalculated his influence with others, or he has exaggerated his unselfish interest in you. Whatever the cause, there is the result; the staff you lent on is a broken reed, and the rich badquet of active friendship to which your hos invited you is a sham wherein lies no crumb

invited you is a sham wherein lies no crumb of comfort or support.

Barmecidal, too, are many books. They open with a fine flourish, promising instruction or entertainment according to the plan en which they are construed. You sit down to your intellectual banquet full of cheerful hope; but you find nothing set forth for your sustenance. Your spirit-stirring melody turns out to be a meaningless word echoing through a deserted palace—a feast of empty covers. giving no food whereby your soul can be nourished and made strong. The entertaining story that began with the sparkle of a well-packed rocket, ends in the dreary descent of a charred stick. The treatise that prefaces its essential remarks by a sweeping assertion respecting the remarks by a sweeping assertion respecting the utter worthlessness of every other work that has hitherto been published on the subject, prepares you for new lights on a dark matter, and a straight cut out of a tangled jungle. But you find as you go deeper and fare further that your author knows no more of the matter in hand than the most entiquated of his prede-cessors. He has no new light; he makes no new cut, short or long; he is the showman of a dissolving view, the Amphytrion of a Barme-cide least; and you are really the poorer for your lost faith, and the time wasted in a hope

your lost faith, and the time wasted in a nope that had no fulfilment for its answer.

And as with books, so with certain natures.

You are acquainted with people who, you are sure, would exactly suit such and such positions, do such and such work, perform such and such caties. You use all your influence, and you place them where you think them just fitted source peer in square holes, and round and you place them where you think them just fitted, square pegs in square holes, and round pegs in round holes. But here, too, your least has been Barmecidal, and your proteges, from whorr while still untried you hoped so much, are quite empty dishes when disclosed. The power of mind, the quickness of perception, the business faculty, the very moral rectifude on which you had counted, and for which you had reliesed others, are myths and you realize. ad refused others, are myths; and you realiz a disappointment where others suffer as well as yourself. How many failures of this kind the world has to count! How many lost lead-ers of thought and progress, so brilliant in their promise, so disappointing in their result, have been just Barmecides, with whom is no food of life, no sustaining element! Again, how ften we find our own work, our so-called good fortune, Barmecidal. We have something given us that we fondly believe will make a man of us, now on the spot. We have long been in troubled waters; surely the tide will turn now the currents run smooth—and our tossed and damaged ship come into safe harbor at ast! surely our hunger will be appeased at the banquet to which we are bidden, and we shall

know the meaning and the savour of good things! We accept the situation offered, and we find it richer in promise than fulfilment. It is a Barmecidal teast, and we starve at the table which assumed to be a table of plenty.
The editorship which was to be such insignificant work and such princely pay—well, that editorship! The adjectives and nouns have been strangely jumbled somehow, and we find it on the trial to be such very poor pay and such a very great deal of work, that we can such a very great deal of work, that we can neither make up by a supplement nor live on the original. That station out in Africa—it was to have all sorts of valuable contingencies, and the climate was exceptionally healthy. When we get there we find a swamp where the population is decimated by yellow fever, and the valuable contingencies resolve themselves into native trading—buying ivory, for which there is no market, by consignments of second-hand clothes, which the noble savage will not wear. All sorts of appointments are in like manner clothes, which the noble savage will not wear. All sorts of appointments are in like manner Barmecldal; and often when the world congratulates a man on his good luck, and assumes that his fortune is made off hand, the truth is that the whole thing is a sham and a pretence, that there is no good luck in the matter, but, on the contrary, bad, seeing that this dead body of a thing, this Barmecldal ghost, stops the way against something better and more sincere.

er and more sincere. THE CLAFLIN UNIVERSITY.

# [From the Columbia Union 1

We learn that the Rev. Dr. Webster has rearned from the North, and is now busy at the university in making ample preparations for the opening of the fall term, on the 11th instant. A new fence is being built around the grounds, and other improvements made. The services of an able board of teachers have been secured. Professor H. McKenney, a reservice of the Wesleyen University, will ent graduate of the Wesleyan University, will cent graduate of the Wesleyan Chrystoff, win have charge of the classical department; Rev. George Whitney will give his special attention to the theological department; Professor W. H. Crogman continues his connection with the normal department; Miss Alice West, formerly teacher in a Northern academy, and a Mis Heath will instruct in the preparatory department; Rev. H. J. Fox, D. D., will lecture on Elocution and other topics of interest. The coming year now gives indications of being one of unusual success at this institution. THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

OPENING OF THE TRIENNIAL CON-VENTION AT BALTIMORE.

Great Attendance-Impressive Opening Services-The Bishops, Clergy and Laity-Sermon by Bishop Johns-Organization of the House of Deputies-Honors to Foreign Prelates-The House of Bishops, &c.

The opening services in connection with the Triennial General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States took place at Emanuel Church, corner Cathedral and Read streets, Baltimore, on Wednesday morning. The doors of the spacious church edifice were thrown open at nine o'clock, and very shortly after the entire body of the church and the galleries were filled. The clerical and lay delegates occupied the front rows of pews, extending to about one-half the body of the church. Among the delegates present were the venerable Rev. Dr. Mead, of Connecticut, chairman of the committee on canons, who has been a member of every general convention since 1829, Senator Stevenson, of Kentucky, ex-Senator Stark, of Oregon, now from Connecticut, and Honorable Hamilton Fish, United States Secretary of State. The Rev. J. Theodore Holly, colored, of Hayti, was among the visitors. All the bishops of the church of the United States. with Lord Bishop Selwyn, of Litchfield, England, and Bishop Venable, of Nassau, as previously announced, are in attendance.

At half-past 10 o'clock the bishops, attired in their gowns and surplices, entered the church from the entrance on Cathedral street, and proceeded up the middle aisle to the chancel, the whole assembly rising, and the choir chanting the 122d psalm. This was fol-lowed by the Gloria Patri, and the impressive church services were then proceeded with in the following order:

Opening Services.

Morning prayer was read by the Rev. Dr. William Stevens Perry, secretary of the House of Clerical and Lay Delegates. The first lesson was read by the Rev. Dr.

Henry C. Potter, secretary of the Rev. Dr. Bishops.

The second lesson was read by the Very Rev. J. L. Howard, D. D., Dean of Chester,

England.

The creed prayers preceding the litany were read by Rev. Edward James Edwards, Vicar of Trentham, Diocese of Litchfield, England

The litany was read by the Rev. J. H. Iles, Rector of Wolverhampton, England.

Rev. Mr. Randolph, of Emanuel Church, Baltimore, announced the psalms and hymns.

The ante-communion service was read by the Right Rev. Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, assisted by Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, assisted by Bishop McIlvaine, of Michigan, who read the epistle, and the Right Rev. George Augustus Selwyn, D. D., D. C. L., Lord Bishop of Litchfield England, who read the gospel.

Sermon by the Bishop of Virginia, The sermon was then delivered by the Right Rev. John Johns, Bishop of Virginia, from the ext, "For whether we be beside ourselves, it is to God, or whether we be sober, it is for your cause, for the love of Christ constraineth us:" Second Corinthians, fifth chapter, and verses 13 and part of 14; the general subject being the constraining love of Christ. The sermon having been concluded, the of-tertory sentences were read by Bishop H. W.

Lee, of Iowa. The prayer for the whole State to Christ's church militant was read by Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island.

The exhortation to absolution was read by Bishop Stevens, of Pennsylvania. Bishop Smith, of Kentucky, acted as conservator, and Bishop Atkinson, of North Carolina, read the

post communion service.

The Venite Exultimus Domino, the Te Deum, the Jubilate Deo, were all rendered with much effect by the choir, as also selection 79 of the Psalms, and hymn 215.

The administering of the Holy Communion, which was most solemn and affecting, occupled more than an hour. The bishops partook first, then the clerical and lay deputies, and then the congregation generally.

The services terminated with the singing of the Clerical in Excellent in E

the Gloria in Excelsis by the whole congrega-

Introducing the Foreign Bishops. Public wership having been c ncluded, Bishop Smith, the presiding bishop, arose and remarked that in times past it had been a remarked that in times past it had been a great gratification to have a colonial bishop of the mother country at the general conventions of the church in the United States, as we have now, but this is the first occasion that an active bishop and a beneficed clergyman have been able to break away from their ardune dutie and he present among us. I now ous duties and be present among us. I now have the pleasure of introducing to you his Nassau, and the dean of Chester.

The convention rose to its feet in acknowl-

edgment of the introduction as the reverend gentlemen were presented. Retirement of the Bishops.

The bishops then retired to the basement of the church, where they disrobed, and were called to order by Right Reverend Benjamin Bosworth Smith, D. D., of Kentucky, the presiding bishop. A resolution was then passed that they proceed to Grace Church in a body

for the purpose of organization. The House of Deputies.

Rev. Dr. Perry, the secretary of the last general convention, then called the house of clerical and lay deputies to order, and request-ed the delegates to send up their testimonials of election. The roll of delegates was then of election. The foll of delegates was then called, and a quorum having been ascertained to be present, the secretary declared the house ready to proceed to business.

The first business in order being the election

of president, the Rev. Dr. Meade nominated the Rev. Dr. Craik, of Kentucky, president of the last house. The ballot was dispensed with, and Dr. Craik was declared elected president,

and was conducted to the chair by Dr. Halght, of New York, and Judge Otls, of Illinois.
On assuming the chair Dr. Cralk thanked the house for this renewed expression of its confidence and of its willingness to bear once more with his infirmitles, and with their encouragement and help he trusted so to act as to merit their continued approbation. Much alarm and uneasiness had been manifested in certain quarters about the results to flow from the deliberations of this convention, but knowing those who were here as well as he did, he had not entertained those fears. If they were novices, if they had never felt the waves rock the grand old ship, if they were nerrous peo-ple, there might be cause for alarm; but you are churchmen all long tried, and have never

are chirchmen all long tried, and have never been found wanting. You will take the burden fulthfully, you will come up to the measure of all that is required of you; and may the God of our rathers guide and strengthen you in your work.

The Rev. Dr. Meade then nominated for reelection as secretary of the convention the Rev. Dr. Perry, and the ballot being dispensed with De Barry was declared elected expenses. with, Dr. Perry was declared elected secretary. Dr. Halght, of New York, then arose and re erred to the presence at the services of a bishop of our mother church. The noble character of the Lord Bishop of Litchfield has been a matter of record for a quarter of a century. His zeal in administering the mission-ary diocese of New Zealand had been unexam-pled. His untiring and effective labors for the church had given to the name of Selwyn an honor that was world-wide. This noble man had left his home and duties for the express purpose of being present at this convention, and it was but proper that this convention should do honor to him. Dr. H. then offered resolutions expressing the great gratification of this house at the presence of the Lord Bishop of Litchfield and the Bishop of Nassau at the opening services of the General Conven-tion of the Church; that this house do formally receive the Lord Bishop of Litchfield and the Bishop of Nassau at such time as may be most acceptable to them, and that a committee of four clerical and four lay deputies be appointed to convey the wishes of the house to the

reverend prelates. Rev. Dr. Leeds suggested that there were other members of the clergy of England accompanying his lordship, and that the resolution be amended to include them. He also said that the lord bishop would be able to re-main but a few days, that it would be a rare treat to hear him, and he suggested that his

lordship be invited to address the convention lordship be invited to address the convention.

Dr. Haight accepted the suggestions of Dr.
Leeds and modified lis resolutions accordingly, and the chair appointed the following as the committee: Rev. Drs. Leeds, Vinton, Lyman and Elliott, and Messrs. Brune, Ives, Schonberger and Welsl.

On motion of Judge Otis, of Illinois, the president was authorized to appoint the usual standing committees.

CHARLESTON, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1871.

standing committees. standing committees.

A message was hele received from the House of Bishops, announcing its organization by the election of Rev. H. C. Potter as secretary, and its readiness to proceed to business. The rules of order of the last convention

re adopted until otherwise ordered. Hon. S. B. Ruggles of New York, gave no-tice that he intended to offer an additional rule, that when the House of Blahops sent the omination of an assistant bishop this house

nomination of an assistont bishop this house should sit with closed doors.

The committee appointed to wait upon the Lord Bishop of Litchfield and the clergy of the Church of England axompanying him, returned. Dr. Leeds informed the house that the committee had waited upon the Lord Bishop of Litchfield and Bishop of Nassau, and communicated the resolutions passed by the house. To-morrow. at 12 o'clock, the two bishops, with the very reverend the Dean of Chester, and the other representative, will be present in the house. His lordship informed the committee that he had no time to properly the committee that he had no time to properly prepare an address to the house for to-night, it would preach a sermon before them on

Monday night.
On motion of Dr. Meade, it was then rewill receive the bishop and his attendant clergymen, and on Monday, at half-past 7 o'clock P. M., will meet in Emanuel Church hear his sermon. The house then, at 3.30 P. M., adjourned.

The Consecration of Bishop Howe. BALTIMORE, October 6.

The Episcopal Convertion to-day consented The Episcopal Convection to-day consented to the consecration of the Rev. Mr. Howe as assistant Bishop of the Diocese of South Carolina. The proposed amendment to the canons to give the English clergy the same right in church parishes in this country as our clergy vas rejected.

ALL ABOUT THE STATE.

-Two old ladies, living in Chester County, vere robbed of all their provisions last week —The people of Edgefield flave held a public meeting, and taken legal steps to prosecute the county commissioners for malpractice in office, the particular grievance on hand being rascalities in connection with contracts for the building of cortest building. ouilding of certain bridges.

-At Greenville, on Monday, October 2d, the following sales were made by the sheriff: Land of W. C. and S. F. Trowbridge, one hun-D. D. Moore for \$810; land of Jesse Trammell ceased, two hundred acres, purchased by . Trammell for \$650.

-The first monthly meeting of the Cheste The first monthly meeting of the Casser County Agricultural and Mechanical Association was held on Monday last, when the Hon. S. McAilley delivered a deeply interesting address. Major Julius Mills will address the association in November, and Colonel D. Wyatt Alken in December.

-The Abbevillians have had an enthusiastic meeting in behalf of a railroad to Augusta meeting in behalf of a failroad to Augusta. The proposed route will cross at Furry's ierry, and, running along a ridge to the Savannah, will occupy a route giving a maximum of profits with a minimum of expense—passing as it does through the finest portion of the dis-

-The persons mentioned last week-nine in The persons mentioned last week—nine in number—as having been arrested in York County, by the United States deputy marshal on the charge of "Ku-Kluxing," have been discharged from custody. They gave the re-quired bond for their appearance at the Uni-ted States Circuit Court, which meets at Co-lumbia on the second Monday in November

—At Abbeville on sales-day little property was disposed of. The following sales were made by the sheriff: The mill tract upon which B. E. Gilbert now lives was sold, but there being some doubt as to the titles, it was kuocked down to the judgment creditor, D. L. Cox, at \$80, the amount of his judgment. The tract of Andrew Cobb, near Greenwood, sold tract of Andrew Cood, near Greenwood, sold under mortgage, one hundred and thirty-seven acres, for \$160; J. H. Oldham, purchaser. Lot of Michael O'Burns, four acres, was purchased by H. T. Lesiy, (colored,) for \$205. Estate of Isaac Kennedy, six hundred and ninety-seven acres, sold for \$1050; Samuel Jordan, pur

- In regard to a recent murder, the Chester Reporter says: "The name of the negro man killed in the upper part of this county on Tuesday of last week was Thoily McElhaney, and the name of the murderer was James Bethney. We say murderer, because, from all the information we have been able to gather in reference was the same with the same w ence to the case, it was a wiliti and deliberate murder, without a single mitigating circum-stance. Bethney made his escape immediately, and has not since been seen. He is a mere boy, stance. Bettney made and sescent immediately, and has not since been seen. He is a mere boy, only seventeen years of age, and has been in this country about two years. He came from Mississippi, and, in all probability, is working his way to that State. The facts elicited by the jury of inquest were substantially the same as those given by us last week. Immediately after the close of the inquest, Trial Justice Brawley issued a warrant tor the arrest of Bethney, and placed it in the hands of Messrs. T. N. Bennett and T. M. Sanders for execution. They summoned to their assistance a posse of colored men, and with them scoured the county during the whole night, but failed to apprehend the murderer. They heard of him one mile from the scene of the murder, but beyond that could not trail him. The deceased was decently interred at the expense of a few of the white men living in the pense of a few of the white men living in the vicinity."

# THE WEATHER THIS DAY.

Washington, October 6.
Cool weather with northwesterly winds will probably extend on Saturday over the Gulf and Atlantic States, with clear or partially cloudy weather south of the Ohio River, and partially cloudy and clearing weather in the Middle and Eastern States. A small area of cloudiness will probably remain in Wast Vicloudiness will probably remain in West Virginia. An area of low pressure with rising temperature and southerly winds will probably advance into Missouri and Wisconsin.

Yesterday's Weather Reports of the Signal Service, U. S. A .- 4.47 P. M., Local Time.

1 E E E E

Place of Observation.	meter	hermometer	Wind of	orce of Wind	weather
Augusta	29.71	79		Light.	Clear.
Baltimore	29.78		Calm.		Misty.
Boston	29.72		SW	Fresh.	Lt. Rain
Buffalo, N. Y	29.75	54	NW	Fresh.	Cloudy.
Charleston	29.71	74	sw	Light.	Fair.
Chreyenne, W. T.	29.01	73	W	Brisk.	Clear.
chicago	30.10		NE	Gentle.	Clear.
: incinuati	29.93	58		Fresh.	Thring.
Cieveland	29.94		NW	Fresh.	Cloudy.
Corinne, Utah	29.69	70	SW	Fresh.	Fair.
Detroit	29.96	53	NW	Fresh.	Smoky.
Duluth. Minn	29.97	52	sw	Gentle.	Fair.
Indianapolis	30.00	59		Gentle.	Hazy.
Key West, Fla	29.96		sw	Light.	Cloudy.
Knoxville, Tenn.	29.79		NW	Brisk.	Smoky.
Lake City, Fla	29.80		Calm.		Fair.
Memphis, Tenu	30.05		NW	Fresh.	Hazy.
Milwaukee, Wis,	30.10	50		Gentle.	Clear.
Mobile	29.87		NW	Gentle.	Fair.
Nashville	30.05		NW	Gentle.	Hazy.
New London, Ct.	29.76	64	NW	Fresh. Gentle.	Clear.
New Orleans		82	ow	Gentle.	Cloudy.
New York	29.77	61	SW	Fresh.	Fair.
Omaha, Neb	29.91	60	2	Fresh.	smoky.
Oswego, N. Y	29.77		NW	Light.	Cloudy.
Philadelphia			SW	Fresh.	Cloudy.
Pittsburg, Pa		57			Lt.Rain
Portland, Me	29.76		Calm.	Panali	Cloudy.
Rochester, N. Y.	29.81		NW	Presh.	
San Francisco	29.93		SW	Light.	Clear. Cl'g up.
Savannah	29.75	77	SW NIE	Brisk.	Clear.
St. Louis		61	NW	Fresh.	Thr'ng.
St. Paul, Minn	30.00	53	5 10	Fresh.	Fair.
Toledo, U	29.19	51	N.M.	Gentle.	Cloudy.
Washington, DC.	29.73		W	Fresh.	Thring.
Wilmington, N C.	29.71	74		Gentle.	H. Rain
Norfolk	29.76	71	Calm		Cloudy.
Lynchburg	.9.77		Calm	Gentle.	Fair.
Leavenworth	30.19	60			
Cape May	29.76		NE	Gentle.	Lt.Rain
Mt. Washington.	30.0:	43	W	Gentle.	Inc Baill

NOTE.—The weather report dated 7.470'clock, this morning, will be posted in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 10 0'clock A. M., and, together with the weather chart, may (by the courtesy of the Chamber) be examined by shipmasters at any time during the day.

GLIMPSES OF GOTHAM.

SEWARD'S RETURN FROM HIS TOUR ROUND THE WORLD.

Mayor Hall Losing his Senses-Nast the Wonderful Caricaturist-Judge Barnard in a New Role-The Negroes in Opposition to Greeley-A Shabby "Fete Champetre,"

[PROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

The arrival of Mr. Seward from his voyage round the world is duly chronicled this morning. He came over in the same steamer with the eminent Dr. Selwyn, Bishop of Litchfield, in England, and Commodore Ashbury, the representative of the English yacht clubs. Mr. Seward looks bright, his face has lost none of its ruddiness, and his mind is as clear as ever, but he is a physical wreck. He is weak in the legs, and his arms are so badly paralyzed that he has to be fed by his attendants. And yet the plucky old politician, though just back from a Journey seldom undertaken by young and vigorous men, contemplates another long voyage down the South American coast as far as Cape Horn. The nature of his malady is such that he is better while on the wing than resting at Auburn. He sojourns a few days at the seat of his nephew on the Hudson, and then goes home to Auburn for a short stay.

Mayor Hall began a raid on obnoxious newspapers last Saturday. It is now reported that he is going to do the foolish thing of trying to suppress Harper's paper, which publishes those terrible caricatures, by Nast, of his Honor and the other members of the ring. The paper in question, under the management of George William Curtis, is about as unfair and bigoted as a Radical sheet could well be, but Mr. Hall would only proclaim his own sensitiveness and advertise his revilers by attempting to suppress it as "iibelious and indecent." Mayor Hall began a raid on obnoxious nev

It was a clever stroke of policy on the part of the Radicals in hiring the pencil of Thomas Nast. He is the greatest of American carica-turists, and some of his work is really wonderful. Leech is the only modern English artist who could be compared with him, but Leech's satire was good humored, while Nast's is malignant. His personal feelwhile Nast's is malignant. His personal feelings enter into the pictorial war on Tadimany. He held a sinecure position in the city, from which he was removed some time since. He has avenged himself fearfully, for he has made the whole country familiar with distorted representations of the four men most prominent in city politics; Sweeny, with his hair awry. Connolly sleek and rubicund, Hail with those dreadful goggles on his eyes, and Tweed with an enormous paunch, a blazing diamond in his shirt front, and a face in which cunning is legible in every wrinkle. Going cunning is legible in every wrinkle. Going nto thousands of families, these carricatures are so many weekly sermons against the men who cut off Nast's rations at the comptroiler's office.

office.

Judge Barnard has certainly taken a "new departure." His open affiliation with a great railroad corporation here laid him under the ban for a long time, and when Parton and John Quincy Adams's clever brother Henry wrote notable articles for the reviews on the corrupt judiciary of New York everybody knew that it was Barnard whom their shats were principally aimed at. The judge, of course, resented the imputations with a great deal of vehemence, and was not without defenders among the purest of his brethren at
the bar. Ever since the municipal troubles,
however, he has taken such high grounds in
favor of official purity that he has won the reluctant commendation even of the Times,
which has been his bitterest newspaper enemy.
His charge to the grand jury yesterday is the
most vigorous pronunciamento against rascality and corruption in every shape that we have
ever had from the bench in this city. He declared his intention to break up the usurers,
the emigrant swindles, the beggage smashers,
the publishers and sellers of indecent newspapers, the violators of the liquor law, the
holders of sinecure offices in the municipal
departments, and the repeaters at elections. deal of vehemence, and was not without hoiders of sinecure offices in the municipal departments, and the repeaters at elections. He promised to keep open court on election day, sitting as a magistrate to issue warrants for the arrest of illegal voters. As to the sinecurists, Judge Barnard expressed the extraordinary opinion that "nearly all the fast horses and tast women in the City of New York are supported out of the city treasury." These leeches are cuite as much of Fermillian as have been hanging on to the treasury ever since the time of the Republican commissions. They will be rather astonished if they find

they will have to go to work for a living.

A curious feature of the war between the
Radical factions in this city is the bitter opposition of the negroes to the Greeley wing. sition of the negroes to the Greeley wing. The negroes are clannish here as they are elsewhere, and have an unaccountable way of going together in a body in political matters, and generally of consorting with the worst white men they can find. In New York they side en masse with the corrupt customhouse gang led by Tom Murphy in the interest of Grant. Last evening they had a meeting in one of the assembly districts for the express presence of situations. one of the assembly districts for the express purpose of vituperating Horace Greeley, the founder of the party which they claim so much affection for. It was enough that he hated Murphy, and despised Grant, to justify them, according to their ideas, in hating and despising him. Rev. Dr. Garnett, the great colored light in theological matters, made a speech, in which he used so many profane expressions about H G that another reverend

speech. In which he used so many profane expressions about H. G. that another reverend brother bolted with his fingers in his ears.

Some enterprising (?) genius has gotten up what he calls a "Fete Champetre," at West Flushing, Long Island, near the city, and has advertised it extensively in the newspapers and on the iences. He invelgied the ladies connected with the Union Home and School for Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans into an en-dorsement of the scheme, on a promise of a division of the proceeds. The festivities, which are to continue two weeks, are rather unique. Leslle, the successor of Blondin, performs on the tight rope, a Senoretta bosetta dances in costume, a battery of the First Division N. G. N. Y. S. fres a salute, and then there are a drumming match, a four mile walking match, a hopping match one mile against time, a horse race, and cavelry and intantry evolutions by the militia. Notwithstanding the manifold attractions, the fetes have been a failure so far. The audience on the first day consisted of only fifty gaping rustics. fifty gaping rustics.

THE CHARLOTTE AND AUGUSTA RAIL-ROAD.

[From the Chester Reporter.]

It is doubtless known to our readers that an It is doubtless known to our readers that an association of capitalists have been for some time engaged in buying up the capital stock of this road. They have succeeded in securing stock enough to give them a controlling influence in its management, and at a recent meeting of the directors, Mr. W. T. Walters, of Baltimore, the representative of the said ring, the state of the said ring, it is understood that Baltimore, the representative of the said ring, was elected a director. It is understood that there will soon be a complete change in the administration of the road, the new stockholders having it in their power to call a meeting and make a new election at any time. Ches ter certainly has no cause to be opposed to

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS. Greenville.

The Mountaineer of Wendesday says: "In conversing with intelligent gentlemen from the country, we are convinced that Greenville County will not realize more than half a crop, and may be less." York. The Enquirer of Wednesday says: "We have

The Enquirer of Wednesday says: "We have been informed that during the past week frost has been observed in several sections of this county, in the vicinity of streams and on the low lands. Vegetation, however, has been but little injured, although the visit is about ten days earlier in the season than usual." Abbeville.

The Press of Wednesday says: "The crops are turning out rather better than was expected some time since. The corn crops are better than they were last year, and probably will be sufficient for our necessities. The cotton will be short, but with the prospect of good prices, and the lessened expenditure of last year, premises to give us a better financial status in

THE OLD WORLD'S NEWS.

PARIS. October 6. The sentence of Rochefort is commuted from imprisonment for life to banishment from

Prench territory.

A manifesto from Napoleon upon the French political situation is about to be issued.

MADEED, October 6.

The Malcampo Ministry has been definitely constituted. Olazaga and Alvarez having declined to serve, the foreign and interior portfolios have been tendered to Senors Cantals and Pedro, respectively. Pending their accep-tance, Malcampo himself will administer the affairs of the foreign and interior departments. It is announced, semi-officially, that the new ministry will persevere in measures of economy, inaugurated under Zouela. They will reduce the civil salaries and the plazs of the progressive party, for the welfare of Spain, will be adopted.

A FATAL FIRE IN THE SOUND.

NEW YORK, October 6.
A pleasure yacht, the Jennie Lee, belonging to Mr. Jerrolds, of Colorado, was burned to the water's edge in Long Island bound last night. A nurse and an infant of Jerrold's were burned to death. The fire was caused by upsetting a kerosene lamp.

THE GREAT FIRE ON THE PRAIRIES

St. Paul, MINN., October 6.

The great prairie fire is unabated. Its course is southeast, towards Java and the Minnesota Rivers. The losses are confined principally to houser, barns, fences, wheat and live stock. Only two lives are known to have been lost. Many small towns have been completely de-A TERRIBLE DROUGHT.

CHICAGO, October 6. The drought now prevailing in the West has not been equalled within twenty-five years. All through central and southern Illinois the wells and small farms are completely dried up, and the inhabitants find great difficulty in obtaining sufficient water for household purposes and the stock. The soil is so dry that ploughing is rendered impossible.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES. -A fire was raging yesterday in Wood County, Ohio, and the inhabitants were fleeing.

whom the former's husband lived, is indicted for murder at San Francisco. —There is a movement among the Israel-ites in Chicago to adopt the Berlin prayer book and observe Sunday as the Sabbath.

-Mrs. Favier, who shot Mrs. Lake with

THE MORMONS IN COUNCIL. Brigham Young on the Rampage.

SALT LAKE, October 6. SALT LAKE, October 6.

A special conference took piace at the Tabernacle yesterday. Eight thousand Mormons were present. The Federal officials were bitterly denounced. Brigham was excited, and prayed for curses on the Federal officials. He said, "Trust in God and keep your powder dry. Don't fail to have on hand a supply of fixed ammunition." The regular semi-annual conference begins to-day.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, October 6.

WASHINGTON, October 6.
The President bas returned.
The Souther of Claims Commission will appoint no more special commissioners to rake testimony in the South except a successor to the late Commissioner Blackman, in Miscissipol. They also refuse to allow special commi sioners in the South to receive testimony sup-porting any claim exceeding three thousand dollars; but it the claims in excess of that amount be reduced. It will bring them within the jurisdiction of the resident commissioners. To further applications for hearing testimony will be entertained this year.

THE GREAT CONUNDRUM.

How Much Cotton will be Made this Year.

The Montgomery Advertiser, replying editorially to an inquiring correspondent, says: The conclusion forced upon us by the facts Democratic origin, for at least half of them may be stated in a few words, viz: that the cotton crop of this year will bear about the same proportion to the crop of last year that eleven bears to twenty, and that the grand aggregate will not exceed 2,420,000 bales. If the cotton receipts at Macon, Columbus and Montgomery could be regarded as accurate indices to the extent of the incoming crop, our estimate of 2,420,000 bales would have to "roost a little lower." But the crops of Arkansas and Texas are a shade better than ours, and we have put that fact in the balance as a counterpoise to the inference growing out of the manifest failure of the Alabama and Georgia fields to produce thus far cotton crop of this year will bear about the bama and Georgia fields to produce thus far fifty per cent. of the cotton in 1871 that they yielded in 1870. If the general yield of the South averaged no more than Georgia and Alabama we should have an aggregate of 2.190,000 bales as the crop of 1871. But allowing 230,000 bales for the superior crops of more favored sections (over and above the average shown by ours) we have 2,420,000 bales or eleven this year where there were twenty last

> NEGRO DERTS AGAIN. [From the Greenville Mountaineer.]

At the last term of the Court of Common Pleas for this county, the question of negro debts was brought directly before the court. Suit had been brought upon a note, which was shown by the evidence to have been given in part for the purchase money of a negro slave. In charging the jury his Honor Judge Orr stated that when elected to office he had taken an oath to support the Constitution of this State; that a clause of that constitution expressly forbade the collection of debts, the consideration of which was the purchase money of a slave or slaves; that in his opinion this clause was not inconsistent with any portion of the Constitution of the United States, which also he had sworn to support, and that, therefore, he was constrained by the oath which he had taken to charge them that they could not, consistently with law, find a verdict for that portion of the debt which was for a slave. He stated that he had a distinguished presedent in disregarding the late decision of the Supreme Court of this State deciaring such debts collectable. That Judge Earle, in the case of the State vs. McBride, and upon somewhat similar grounds, had refused to regard a decision of the then Supreme Court, and had been sustained by the remodelled Supreme Court which heard the case on At the last term of the Court of Common Court, and had been sustained by the remod-elled Supreme Court which heard the case on appeal. The jury were out but a few minutes, and in their verdict ignored the negro part of the debt. We do not know whether an appear

#### Special Notices. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA-

KERSHAW COUNTY .- Court of Common Pleas .-JOSEPH D. DUNLAP, as Receiver of the Assets of the Estate of WILLIAM A. ANCRUM, deceas ed, plaintiff, against WILLIAM DAASH, Defendant .- Copy Summons for Money Demand, Complaint not served. To WILLIAM DAASH, Defendant in this ac

tion: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which Jo-SEPH D. DUNLAP, Receiver of the Assets of the Estate of WILLIAM A. ANCRUM, deceased. filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for the said County, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers, at their office, in Camden, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of service. If you fail to answer this complaint within the

time aforesaid, the Plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of five thousand nine hundred and three dollars and fifty cents, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum from the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one. Dated August 21, 1871.

LEITNER & DUNLAP,

Plaintin's Attorneys.

Married.

KEMPER-HAY.—at "The Manse," Camden, S. C., on the 2.st of September, uit., by Rev. Samuel H. Hay, DEL4WARE KEMPER, of Hampden Sidney, Va., and Pannie S. Hay, daughter of the officiating minister. No cards.

Bbitnarn. HEYWARD.—Died on the morning of October the 5th, of the prevailing epidemic, ANNIE CUTH-BERT, youngest daughter of Thos. S. and Louise Watkins Heyward, Jr., aged 3 years, 8 months

#### and 10 days. \*\*Memphis and Savannah papers please copy.

funeral Notices.

THE FRIENCS AND ACQUAINTnces of Mr. M. RAFFERTY and Mr. F. J. Caragher, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of the former, from his late residence. No. 7

### Special Notices.

DIVINE SERVICE WILL BE CON DUCTED in the Orphans' Chapel, on SABBATH APTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, by the Rev. J. H. HON-CUR.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Divine Service will be held in this Church by the Rev. W. B. YATES To-MORROW MORNING, at half past 10 o'clock. The congregation of the Mariners' Church are invited to attend. sep23-8

TRINITY CHURCH.-REV. J. T. WIGHTMAN will preach To-Morrow Morning, at half-past 10 o'clock. Sunday-School in the Afternoon, at half-past 3

o'clock. No Service at night.

ST. JOHN'S LUTHERAN CHURCH. A meeting of the Congregation of this Church, on est interests, will be held in the Church edifice immediately after Divine Service To MORROW

WENTWORTH STREET LUTHE RAN CHURCH.-There will be Divine Service in this Church To-Morrow at the usual hour of morning service. A Delegate will be elected to represent the Congregation in the next Convention of the Synod of South Carolina, and a Collection will be taken up for Synodical purposes.

CONSIGNEES PER STEAMSHIP JAMES ADGER, from New York, are notified that she is discharging cargo at Adger's Wharf. Goods uncalled for at sunset will remain on the wharf at owners' risk. oct7-1 JAMES ADGER & OO., Agents. REMEMBER THE SALE OF THE

Single Number Raffle Certificates of the Charles-

ton Charitable Association, for Gold Bonds, closes on the evening of October 10. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. All persons indebted to the Estate of MOSES DRUCKER, deceased, late of Unionville, and for merly a citizen of Charleston, must make payment at once to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against said Estate will present

> PHILIP M. COREN. Administrator, Union S. C.

THE CHARLESTON CHARITA-

BLE ASSOCIATION, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FREE SCHOOL FUND .- OFFICAL RAFFLEE NUMBERS. CLASS No. 169-MORNING.

14\_15\_44\_48\_31\_52\_73\_3\_45\_68-27\_18 As witness our hand at Columbia this 6th day of October, 1871. FENN PECK,

them without delay to

JAMES GILLILAND, Sworn Commissioners. A DISEASED STATE OF THE BLOOD is the prime cause of many very troublesome complaints. Skin Diseases, Mercurial Affections, Scrofula, Scurvy and Goltre are but a few of the many disorders arising from the depraved condition of the vital fluid. For diseases of this ASS JAYNE'S ALTERATIVE IS A PE tive; by entering into the circulation, it thoroughly purifies the blood, and removes any morbid tendency to disease which may exist in the system: it. at the same time, sustains the strength of the patient, and imparts vigor to the whole physical structure. To be satisfied of its emcacy,

WINEMAN & CO., wholesale agents. oct7-stuth3 DISINFECTANTS.—THOSE IN want of DISINFECTANTS will find a full assortment at the Drug Store of DR. H. BAER, in Meet-

read the testimony of those who have been radically cured by it, given at length in Jayne's Alc. Sold by all Druggists. GOODRICH,

ing street. REMEMBER THE SALE OF THE Single Number Raffle Certificates of the Charleston ('naritable Association, for Gold Bonds, closes on the evening of October 10.

LA CANDEUR LODGE, No. 36, A F. M.—Any member of this Lodge who may be taken sick, or who may require nursing or medical attendance, is requested to give notice of the same, without delay, to Senior Warden D. MULsep21

LER, No. 325 King street. UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT .- By an Order of the Hon. GEO. S. BRYAN, United States District Judge, the hearing of all petitions and motions in Bankruptcy, or in the general business of the District Court is postpened until the first Monday of November next, sep30 BANL. HORLBECK, Clerk.

вер30 ON MARRIAGE.-ESSAYS FOR roung men on great Social Evils and Abuses, which interfere with Marriage, and rain the hapiness of thousands-with sure means of relief for the erring and unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 S. Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. sep4-3mos

THE SOUTH CAROLINA LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, SAVINGS DEPART-MENT.—Depositors are requested to leave their books on and after Monday, October 2d, to be credited with the quarterly interest due 1st prox

All deposits made on or before the 20th October will bear interest from 1st October. Interest, Six Per Cent. per annum, will be com-

pounded quarterly. F. A. MITCHELL, sep3)-stuth9f1 Assistant Cashier. CHARLESTON BIBLE SOCIETY. The Treasurer of the Charleston Bible Society will receive Subscriptions or Donations at his office, No. 68 East Bay, corner of Atlantic Wharf. The payment of Two Dollars will constitue a person a

member for one year. Bibles are kept on band for distribution. The Society has one Colporteur in the field, and solicits aid to introduce another. Persons interested in the work or seeking further information will please call on the Treasurer. J. N. ROBSON.

Treasurer C. B. S.

NOTICE TO PLANTERS.-IN

order to accommodate my planting friends who may wish to use the COMPOUND ACID PHOS-PHATE for composting with Cotton S ed, prepared at Rikersville by the Pacific Guano Company, under the personal supervision of Dr. ST. JULIEN RAVENEL, and which has given such general satisfaction, I am willing to deliver NOW, charging no interest until the 1st of March nextat that time to be paid in cash, or on time, at the price and terms I am then selling at. J. N. ROBSON,

No. 63 East Bay and Nos. 1 and 2 Atlantic Wharf

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